

β-Glucosidase 1A from *Thermus thermophilus*, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1431

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description Beta-glucosidase is a glucosidase enzyme that acts upon β1->4 bonds linking two glucose or glucose-substituted molecules (i.e., the disaccharide cellobiose). It is one of the cellulases, enzymes involved in the decomposition of cellulose and related polysaccharides; more specifically, an exocellulase with specificity for a variety of beta-D-glycoside substrates. It catalyzes the hydrolysis of terminal non-reducing residues in beta-D-glucosides with release of glucose.

Synonyms EC 3.2.1.21; gentiobiase; cellobiase; emulsin; elaterase; aryl-beta-glucosidase; beta-D-glucosidase; beta-glucoside glucohydrolase; arbutinase; amygdalinase; p-nitrophenyl beta-glucosidase; primeverosidase; amygdalase; linamarase; salicilinase; beta-1,6-glucosidase

Product Information

Species	Thermus thermophilus
Source	E. coli
Form	35 mM NaHepes buffer, pH 7.5, 750 mM NaCl, 200 mM imidazol, 3.5 mM CaCl ₂ , 0.02% sodium azide and 25% (v/v) glycerol
EC Number	EC 3.2.1.21
CAS No.	9001-22-3
Molecular Weight	50.7 kDa
Purity	>90% by SDS-PAGE
Concentration	1 mg/mL
Optimum pH	6.5
Optimum temperature	45-50 °C
Specificity	Cellobiose and other β-oligosaccharides

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage This enzyme is shipped at room temperature but should be stored at -20 °C.