

## **Native Porcine L-Lactate Dehydrogenase**

Cat. No. NATE-0982

Lot. No. (See product label)

## Introduction

**Description** A lactate dehydrogenase (LDH or LD) is an enzyme found in nearly all living cells (animals, plants, and

prokaryotes). LDH catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to lactate and back, as it converts NADH to NAD+ and back. A dehydrogenase is an enzyme that transfers a hydride from one molecule to

another.

determinations working with NADH (i.e., triglycerides, lipase, aldolase, aminotransferases, glutamate

dehydrogenase).

**Synonyms** lactic acid dehydrogenase; L (+)-nLDH; L-(+)-lactate dehydrogenase; L-lactic dehydrogenase; L-lactic

acid dehydrogenase; lactate dehydrogenase; lactate dehydrogenase NAD-dependent; lactic dehydrogenase; NAD-lactate dehydrogenase; L-lactate dehydrogenase; (S)-Lactate:NAD+

oxidoreductase; L-LDH; LAD; LD; Lactate

## **Product Information**

**Species** Porcine

**Source** Porcine muscle

Appearance White suspension in ammonium sulfate, 3.2 mol/l; Tris, 10 mmol/l, pH approximately 6.5.

**CAS No.** 9001-60-9

Activity >550 U/mg

**Concentration** > 10 mg/mL

**Contaminants** Aldolase: <0.001 Glutamate dehydrogenase: <0.01 Aspartate aminotransferase (AST/GOT): <0.005

 $A lanine\ aminotransferase\ (ALT/GPT): < 0.005\ Malate\ dehydrogenase: < 0.01\ Myokinase: < 0.01\ Pyruvate$ 

kinase: <0.001

**pH Stability** 6.0-7.0

## Storage and Shipping Information

**Stability** At +2 to +8°C within specification range for 12 months.

**Tel:** 1-631-562-8517 1-516-512-3133 **Email:** info@creative-enzymes.com

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