

Native Human Lactate Dehydrogenase 4

Cat. No. NATE-0965

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description A lactate dehydrogenase (LDH or LD) is an enzyme found in nearly all living cells (animals, plants, and prokaryotes). LDH catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to lactate and back, as it converts NADH to NAD⁺ and back. A dehydrogenase is an enzyme that transfers a hydride from one molecule to another.

Applications Diagnostic Controls, Calibrators & Standards; Clinical Chemistry; Testing/Assay Validation; Life Science; Validation Studies; Manufacturing

Synonyms LDH-4 isoenzyme; 1H3M isoenzyme; Id4 isoenzyme

Product Information

Species Human

Source Human Liver

Form Liquid; Suspension in 3.1 M ammonium sulfate, 20 mM tris chloride, 1 mM DTT, 1 mM EDTA, pH 7.5.

EC Number EC 1.1.1.27

CAS No. 9001-60-9

Activity > 35 U/mg protein (> 110 U/mL)

Concentration > 0.5 mg protein/MI

Contaminants CPK: < 0.1% ALP: < 0.1% gGT: < 0.1% AST/SGOT: < 0.1% ALT/GPT: < 0.1%

Unit Definition One unit will catalyze the oxidation of one micromole of L-lactate to pyruvate per minute at 37°C and pH 8.55.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage 2-8°C

Stability 2 years