

## D-Lactate dehydrogenase from *Leuconostoc mesenteroides*, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1104

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

**Description** In enzymology, a D-lactate dehydrogenase is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction: (D)-lactate + 2 ferricytochrome c  $\leftrightarrow$  pyruvate + 2 ferrocytochrome c. Thus, the two substrates of this enzyme are (D)-lactate and ferricytochrome c, whereas its two products are pyruvate and ferrocytochrome c. This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on the CH-OH group of donor with a cytochrome as acceptor. This enzyme participates in pyruvate metabolism. It employs one cofactor, FAD.

**Synonyms** EC 1.1.1.28; D-Lactic Dehydrogenase; 9028-36-8; (D)-lactate:ferricytochrome-c 2-oxidoreductase; lactic acid dehydrogenase; D-lactate (cytochrome) dehydrogenase; cytochrome-dependent D- (-)-lactate dehydrogenase; D-lactate-cytochrome c reductase; D- (-)-lactic cytochrome c reductase; D-lactate Dehydrogenase

### Product Information

**Source** *Leuconostoc mesenteroides*

**Form** Liquid

**EC Number** EC 1.1.1.28

**CAS No.** 9028-36-8

**Molecular Weight** ~ 36.5kD

**Activity** ~ 1,500 U/mg protein

**Unit Definition** One Unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to produce one  $\mu$ mole of D-lactate from pyruvic acid per minute in the presence of NADH in sodium phosphate buffer at pH 7.0 and 25°C.

### Storage and Shipping Information

**Storage** 4°C