

Native *Leuconostoc mesenteroides* D-Lactic Dehydrogenase

Cat. No. NATE-0196

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description In enzymology, a D-lactate dehydrogenase is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction: (D)-lactate + 2 ferricytochrome c \leftrightarrow pyruvate + 2 ferrocyanochrome c. Thus, the two substrates of this enzyme are (D)-lactate and ferricytochrome c, whereas its two products are pyruvate and ferrocyanochrome c. This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on the CH-OH group of donor with a cytochrome as acceptor. This enzyme participates in pyruvate metabolism. It employs one cofactor, FAD.

Synonyms EC 1.1.1.28; D-Lactic Dehydrogenase; 9028-36-8; (D)-lactate:ferricytochrome-c 2-oxidoreductase; lactic acid dehydrogenase; D-lactate (cytochrome) dehydrogenase; cytochrome-dependent D-(–)-lactate dehydrogenase; D-lactate-cytochrome c reductase; D-(–)-lactic cytochrome c reductase

Product Information

Source *Leuconostoc mesenteroides*

Form ammonium sulfate suspension

EC Number EC 1.1.1.28

CAS No. 9028-36-8

Activity 1,000-3,000 units/mg protein (biuret)

Buffer Suspension in 3.2 M (NH₄)₂SO₄, 0.1 M potassium phosphate, pH 7.0

Unit Definition One unit will reduce 1.0 μ mole of pyruvate to D-lactate per min at pH 7.0 at 25°C.

Storage and Shipping Information

Stability 2-8°C