

Native Escherichia coli L-Glutamine Synthetase

Cat. No. NATE-0321

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description Glutamine synthetase (GS) (EC 6.3.1.2) is an enzyme that plays an essential role in the metabolism of nitrogen by catalyzing the condensation of glutamate and ammonia to form glutamine: $\text{Glutamate} + \text{ATP} + \text{NH}_3 \rightarrow \text{Glutamine} + \text{ADP} + \text{phosphate}$. Glutamine Synthetase uses ammonia produced by Nitrate reduction, amino acid degradation, and photorespiration. The amide group of glutamate is a nitrogen source for the synthesis of glutamine pathway metabolites.

Applications L-Glutamine synthetase may be used for the purification of proteases from Escherichia coli.

Synonyms glutamine synthetase; glutamylhydroxamic synthetase; L-glutamine synthetase; glutamate-ammonia ligase; L-Glutamate:ammonia ligase (ADP-forming); EC 6.3.1.2; GS; 9023-70-5

Product Information

Source Escherichia coli

Form lyophilized powder; Contains potassium phosphate, sodium Citrate and magnesium acetate buffer salts

EC Number EC 6.3.1.2

CAS No. 9023-70-5

Purity affinity chromatography

Activity 400-2,000 units/mg protein

Buffer H₂O: soluble 0.95-1.05 mg/mL, clear to hazy

Pathway Alanine, aspartate and glutamate metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Arginine and proline metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Metabolic pathways, organism-specific biosystem

Unit Definition One unit will convert 1.0 μmole of L-glutamate to L-glutamine in 15 min at pH 7.1 at 37°C.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage -20°C