

## Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV from Human, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-0204

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

**Description** Native DPP-IV is a ubiquitous type II transmembrane glycoprotein and a serine protease of the S9 prolyl-oligopeptidase family. In vivo, it is synthesized with a signal peptide, which functions as the membrane anchoring domain. There is an 88% sequence homology between the human and porcine kidney enzymes. Both exist as homodimers with a subunit molecular weight of ~30 kDa. The high mannose 100 kDa DPP-IV precursor is processed in the Golgi to yield a 124 kDa heavily N- and O-linked mature glycoprotein. It is then sorted to the apical membrane through the concerted action of both N- and O-linked glycans and its association with lipid microdomains. The porcine enzyme contains 18.3% carbohydrates, which the glycan composition is 0.9% fucose, 3.4% mannose, 5.1% galactose, 8.2% glucosamine, and 0.7% sialic acid. DPP-IV is highly expressed on endothelial cells, epithelial cells, and lymphocytes. It is also present in plasma in its soluble form.

**Applications** Human dipeptidyl peptidase IV has been used to study interactive hemodynamic effects of its inhibition and angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibition in humans. Human dipeptidyl peptidase IV has also been used in a study that informed the understanding of Hymenoptera venom allergies. The enzyme from Creative Enzymes has been used to study the LC-MS (liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry) based assay method for DPP-IV inhibitor screening and substrate discovery.

**Synonyms** EC 3.4.14.5; 54249-88-6; DPP-IV; DPP4; dipeptidyl aminopeptidase IV; Xaa-Pro-dipeptidyl-aminopeptidase; Gly-Pro naphthylamidase; postproline dipeptidyl aminopeptidase IV; lymphocyte antigen CD26; glycoprotein GP110; dipeptidyl peptidase IV; glycyproline aminopeptidase; glycyproline aminopeptidase; X-prolyl dipeptidyl aminopeptidase; pep X; leukocyte antigen CD26; glycyprolyl dipeptidylaminopeptidase; dipeptidyl-peptide hydrolase; glycyprolyl aminopeptidase; dipeptidyl-aminopeptidase IV; DPP IV/CD26; amino acyl-prolyl dipeptidyl aminopeptidase; T cell triggering molecule Tp103; X-PDAP

### Product Information

<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	Baculovirus infected Sf9 cells
<b>Form</b>	Supplied as a solution in 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.6, 200 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA and 10% glycerol.
<b>EC Number</b>	EC 3.4.14.5
<b>CAS No.</b>	54249-88-6
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	105 kDa
<b>Activity</b>	> 10 units/mg protein
<b>Pathway</b>	Incretin Synthesis, Secretion, and Inactivation, organism-specific biosystem; Integration of energy metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Protein digestion and absorption, organism-specific biosystem; Protein digestion and absorption, conserved biosystem; Regulation of Insulin Secretion, organism-specific biosystem; Synthesis, Secretion, and Inactivation of Glucagon-like Peptide-1 (GLP-1), organism-specific biosystem

**Function** aminopeptidase activity; collagen binding; dipeptidyl-peptidase activity; peptidase activity; peptidase

**Function**

aminopeptidase activity; collagen binding; dipeptidyl; peptidase activity; peptidase activity; peptide binding; protease binding; protein binding; protein homodimerization activity; receptor activity; receptor binding; serine-type endopeptidase activity; serine-type peptidase activity

**Unit**

One unit will produce 1.0  $\mu$ mole of p-nitroaniline from Gly-L-Pro p-nitroanilide per min in 100 mM Tris-HCl at pH 7.6 at 37°C.

**Definition****Usage and Packaging****Package**

pkg of > 1.0 units/vial

**Storage and Shipping Information****Storage**

-20°C